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bcc

Subject Submittal of Tech Memo for Additional Ambient Air Analysis Requested by USEPA

History: 

This message has been forwarded.

Hi Chris - the attached documents provide the additional information requested by USEPA at the June 28th meeting regarding USEPA comments to the Human Health Risk Assessment Report for On-Site Soils for the Omega Chemcial Superfund Site. If you have any questions regarding the attached, please feel free to call.

Regards,

Sharon Wallin, P.G.

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<<Attachment A-1.pdf>> <<Attachment A-2 Site Resident Omega\_SG-ADV-Feb04\_Example PCE.pdf>> <<Attachment A-3 Site Resident Omega\_SG-ADV-Feb04\_Example PCE.pdf>> <<Omega TM Ambient Air3 (3) (2).doc>>





Attachment A-1.pdf Attachment A-2 Site Resident Omega\_SG-ADV-Feb04\_Example PCE.pdf





Attachment A-3 Site Resident Omega\_SG-ADV-Feb04\_Example PCE.pdf Omega TM Ambient Air3 (3) (2).doc



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July 13, 2007

Chris Lichens, Superfund Project Manager USEPA REGION IX 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105

Subject: Technical Memorandum for Ambient and Indoor Air Analysis for Human

Health Risk Assessment for On-Site Soils, Omega Chemical Superfund Site in

Response to Meeting with EPA on June 28, 2007

Dear Mr. Lichens:

OPOG and EPA met on June 28, 2007 to discuss EPA comments dated June 8, 2007 to the Human Health Risk Assessment for On-Site Soils, Omega Chemical Superfund Site, CDM, dated April 17, 2007. One of the primary issues discussed at this meeting was the approach regarding the ambient air exposure pathway. This memorandum outlines the approach and equations for estimating future ambient air concentrations from soil gas concentrations for both chronic and short-term exposure scenarios. Parameters to be used in these calculations and an example calculation using PCE at the Omega parcel are also provided. The Johnson and Ettinger (J&E) model will be used for estimating future indoor air concentrations from soil gas concentrations. Parameters for use in the J&E model are also provided.

### Ambient Air - Chronic Exposure Scenario

Karami, et al. (1987) along with the USEPA Draft Soil Screening Guidance (1994) were used to estimate ambient air concentrations for chronic exposure scenarios (residents and commercial workers). According to Karami, et al. (1987), assuming that the concentration at the surface is very small, vapor flux through soil can be estimated using the equation:

$$J = -D_s x (-C_s)/L$$
 (Eq. 1-1)

Where

$$D_s = D_i (P_a^{10/3}/P_t^2)$$
 (Eqn. 1-2)

$$P_a = P_t - P_w \tag{Eqn. 1-3}$$

The emission rate of the site can then be calculated by:

$$E = J \times A_{site}$$
 (Eqn. 1-4)

Assuming a simple box model, the ambient air concentration can then be calculated using the following equation:

$$C_{air} = E / (L_s \times W \times D_H)$$
 (Eqn. 1-5)

Proposed parameters (default and site-specific) for use in the equations are provided in Table 1.

Table 1
Input Parameters for Estimating Ambient Air Concentrations for Chronic Exposure Scenarios (Residents and Commercial Workers)

Variable	Description	Default Value	Proposed Site-Specific Value	Source
L	Depth of the soil layer	Site-specific	9.144 m (30 ft)	Site data
D <sub>i</sub>	vapor diffusion coefficient in air	chemical specific	7.2E-02 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (7.2E-06 m <sup>2</sup> /s) for PCE	J&E model value for PCE (USEPA 2004)
P <sub>t</sub>	Total porosity	Site-specific	0.399 m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	J&E model value for loam (USEPA 2004)
P <sub>w</sub>	Water-filled porosity	Site-specific	0.148 m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	J&E model value for loam (USEPA 2004)
Pa	Air-filled porosity	Site-specific	0.251 m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	Calculated from USEPA 2002 Eqn 1-3
C <sub>s</sub>	Concentration in the air at depth	Site-specific and chemical specific	1.12E-3 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (1,121,994 ug/m <sup>3</sup> ) for PCE	95 UCL for soil gas concentrations ranging from 5 to 6 feet deep for samples collected on the Omega site parcel
A <sub>site</sub>	Site area	0.5 acres	1 acre	Site specific
D <sub>s</sub>	Apparent steady state vapor diffusion coefficient	Site-specific and chemical specific	3.28E-02 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (3.28E-06 m <sup>2</sup> /s) for PCE	Calculated from Millington and Quirk (1961) Eqn 1-2
J	Vapor flux through soil	Site-specific	2.63E-10 kg/m²/s	Calculated from Eqn. 1-1
E	Emission rate	Site-specific	1.06E-06 kg/s	Calculated from Eqn. 1-4
Ls	Length of side	Site-specific	63.6 m <sup>2</sup>	Site–specific - Square root of 1 acre site
V	Downwind length proportional	Site-specific	1.45 m	

Variable	Description	Default Value	Proposed Site-Specific Value	Source
	to wind speed (wind speed of 1.65 m/s)			
D <sub>H</sub>	Diffusion Height	Site-specific	2 m	Breathing zone
C <sub>air</sub>	Concentration in Ambient Air	Site-specific and chemical specific	8.83E-9 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (8.83 ug/m <sup>3</sup> ) for PCE	Calculated from Eqn. 1-5

kg/m³ = kilograms per cubic meter
m³/m³ = cubic meter per cubic meter
kg/m²/s = = kilograms per square meter per second
ft = feet
m = meter
bgs = below ground surface
USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

For PCE for the Omega parcel, the 95 UCL soil gas concentration from 5 to 6 ft bgs is 1,121,994  $\text{ug/m}^3$  (1.12E-3  $\text{kg/m}^3$ ) results in an ambient air concentration is 8.83  $\text{ug/m}^3$ .

## Ambient Air - Short-term Exposure Scenario

For estimating ambient air concentrations for short-term exposure scenario (construction worker), measure soil gas concentrations were back calculated to estimate a soil source concentration. This soil concentration was then combined with a volatilization factor to calculate an ambient air concentration.

For the construction worker, it was assumed that the contamination extended from the surface to the 30-foot clay layer. The 95 UCL for soil gas concentrations ranging from 5 to 30 feet deep for samples collected on the Omega site parcel is  $733,374 \text{ ug/m}^3$ . To calculate a soil source concentration from this soil gas concentration the following equation was used:

$$C_r = C_{\text{source}} * (P_w + K_d * P_b + H' * P_a) / (H' * P_b)$$
 Eqn. 2-1

Proposed parameters (default and site-specific) for use in Equation 2-1 are provided in Table 2.

Table 2 Input Parameters for Estimating Soil Concentrations from Soil Gas Concentrations

Variable	Description	Default Value	Proposed Site-Specific Value	Source
C <sub>source</sub>	vapor concentration at soil source	Site- specific and chemical specific	7.33E-04 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (733,374 ug/m <sup>3</sup> ) for PCE	95 UCL for soil gas concentrations ranging from 5 to 30 feet deep for samples collected on the Omega site parcel
P <sub>b</sub>	bulk dry soil density	Site- specific	1.59 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	J&E model value for loam (USEPA 2004)
Pt	Total porosity	Site- specific	0.399 m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	J&E model value for loam (USEPA 2004)
Pa	Air-filled porosity	Site- specific	0.251 m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	Calculated from USEPA 2002 Egn 1-3
$P_{w}$	Water-filled porosity	Site- specific	0.148 m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	J&E model value for loam (USEPA 2004)
K <sub>d</sub>	Soil-water partition coefficient	3.10E-01 cm³/g	Default	Calculated from K <sub>oc</sub> x f <sub>oc</sub>
K <sub>oc</sub>	Organic carbon partition coefficient (g/cm³)	1.55E+02 cm <sup>3</sup> /g	Default	J&E model value for PCE (USEPA 2004)
f <sub>oc</sub>	Fraction of organic carbon for loam (unitless)	0.002 for loam	Default	
H'	Henry's law constant (unitless)	chemical specific	7.53E-01 for PCE	J&E model value for PCE (USEPA 2004)
C <sub>r</sub>	soil concentration (g/g)	Site- specific and chemical specific	5.09E-04 g/g (509 mg/kg) for PCE	Calculated from Eqn 2-1

ug/m³ = micrograms per cubic meter

Entering these values into Equation 2-1, the corresponding soil source concentration is 5.09E-4 g/g (509 mg/kg).

To determine an ambient air concentration from this soil concentration, the soil concentration was input into the RBCA Tool Kit for Chemical Releases, Version 1.2 (1999). Proposed parameters (default and site-specific) for use in the RBCA Tool Kit model are provided in Table 3.

m³/m³ = cubic meter per cubic meter g/cm³ = = grams per cubic centimeter

cm<sup>3</sup>/g = cubic centimeter per gram

bgs = below ground surface

USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

Table 3
Input Parameters for Estimating Volatilization Factor for PCE

		Proposed	
Description	Default Value	Site-Specific Value	Source
Soil concentration	Site-specific	509 mg/kg	Calculated from 95 UCL for soil gas concentrations ranging from 5 to 30 feet deep for samples collected on the Omega site parcel
Depth to top of affected soils	Site-specific	152.4 cm (5 ft)	Site data
Depth to base of affected soils	Site-specific	914.4 cm (30 ft)	Site data
Affected soil area	Site-specific	40,500,000 cm <sup>2</sup> (1 acre)	Site data
Length of affected soil parallel to assumed wind direction	Site-specific	6,361 cm	Site data
bulk dry soil density	Site-specific	1.59 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	J&E model value for loam (USEPA 2004)
Total porosity	Site-specific	0.399 m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	J&E model value for loam (USEPA 2004)
Volumetric Air Content – Vadose Zone	Site-specific	0.251 m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	Calculated from total porosity – volumetric water content
Volumetric Water Content – Vadose Zone	Site-specific	0.148 m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	J&E model value for loam (USEPA 2004)
Volumetric Air Content – Capillary Fringe	Site-specific	0.067 m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	Calculated from total porosity – volumetric water content
Volumetric Water Content – Capillary Fringe	Site-specific	0.332 m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	J&E guidance value for loam (USEPA 2004)
Vertical hydraulic conductivity	Site-specific	12 cm/d	J&E guidance value for loam (USEPA 2004)
Vapor permeability	Site-specific	1.6E-9 cm <sup>2</sup>	J&E guidance value for loam (USEPA 2004)
Capillary zone thickness	Site-specific	37.5 cm	J&E guidance value for loam (USEPA 2004)
Fraction of organic carbon for loam (unitless)	Site-specific	0.002	·
Air mixing zone height	200 cm	Default	Breathing zone height
Ambient air velocity in mixing zone	Site-specific	33 cm/s	1/5 <sup>th</sup> the value of the site average air velocity of 1.65 m/s to account for being in an excavation

mg/kg = milligram per kilogram
cm = centimeter
ft = feet
cm² = square centimeter
g/cm³ = = grams per cubic centimeter
m³/m³ = cubic meter per cubic meter
cm/d = centimeters per day
cm/s = centimeters per second
USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

The ambient air concentration is then reported in box 3 of the RBCA Tool Kit results page. Thus, based on a PCE soil gas concentration of 733,374 ug/m³, the ambient air concentration is 750 ug/m³. RBCA Tool Kit printouts are provided as Attachment A-2.

## Indoor Air - Johnson and Ettinger Model

Inhalation of indoor air was evaluated for current commercial/industrial workers using measured indoor air concentrations to directly estimate risk related to indoor air exposure. However, because new buildings may be constructed in the future and there are no existing residential homes on the site, inhalation of indoor air for future commercial/industrial workers and hypothetical residents will be evaluated using measured concentrations of VOCs in soil gas modeled to represent indoor air concentrations. The USEPA advanced soil gas spreadsheet implementation of (WindowsTM - Excel) the Johnson and Ettinger vapor intrusion model (SG\_ADV\_Feb04.xls last modified February, 2004) was used to estimate potential indoor air concentrations from soil gas concentrations by calculating flux of chemicals through a foundation, taking into account building size and ventilation. Site-specific criteria to be used in the model are summarized in Table 4:

Table 4

Johnson and Ettinger Model Input Parameters for Site-Specific Screening

Variable	Description	Default Value	Proposed Site- Specific Value	Source
Csg	Soil gas concentrations	Site-specific	1.12E-3 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (1,121,994 ug/m <sup>3</sup> ) for PCE	95 UCL for soil gas concentrations ranging from 5 to 6 feet deep for samples collected on the Omega site parcel
θt	Soil total porosity	Site-specific	0.399	Model default for Loam soil
θω	Soil water-filled porosity	Site-specific	0.148	Model default for Loam soil
θа	Soil air-filled porosity	Site-specific	0.251	Model default for Loam soil
ρs	Soil dry bulk density	Site-specific	1.59	Model default for

Variable	Description	Default Value	Proposed Site- Specific Value	Source
				Loam soil
k	Soil intrinsic permeability	Site-specific	2.29E-09	Model default for Loam soil
°T	Soil and groundwater temperature	Site-specific	67°F (19.4°C)	Figure A-1 from DTSC 2005
ΔΡ	Indoor – outdoor pressure differential	40 g/cm-s <sub>2</sub>	Default	USEPA 2004
η	Crack-to-total area ratio	0.005	0.0004	Calculated based on recommended 0.1 cm crack width (USEPA 2003). See note (1)
Еb	Indoor air exchange rate - residential	0.5 / hour	Default	USEPA 1997
Еь	Indoor air exchange rate - commercial	1.0 / hour	Default	CEC 2001
Lcrack	Foundation slab thickness	Site-specific	15 cm	
L <sub>b</sub> ,W <sub>b</sub>	Building dimensions – length x width	1000 cm x 1000 cm	Default	DTSC 2005
Нь	Building dimension – height - residential	244 cm (8 ft)	Default	DTSC 2005
	Building dimension – height - commercial	none	276 cm (9 ft)	
Lf	Foundation depth below grade – building with no basement	15 cm	Default	USEPA 2004
Ls	Soil gas sampling depth below grade	Site-specific	152.4 cm (5 ft)	Site data
ED, EF, ET	Exposure Duration, Exposure Frequency, Exposure Time – residential	30 years, 350 days/yr, 24 hrs/day	Default	USEPA 1997
ED, EF, ET	Exposure Duration, Exposure Frequency, Exposure Time - commercial	none	25 years, 250 days/yr, 8 hrs/day	USEPA 1997

USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

DTSC = Department of Toxic Substances Control

CEC = California Energy Commission

cm = centimeters

ft = feet

g/cm-s<sup>2</sup> = grams per centimeter – seconds squared

Note:

(1) For future buildings, a soil gas advection rate of 5 liters per minute should be used, as proportionally increased for future building size, rather than the defaults for indoor – outdoor pressure differential, crack-to-total area ratio, and foundation thickness.

Other model input parameters include the physical/chemical properties of COPCs. Chemical properties (such as air and water diffusivities and Henry's law constants) were either found in the model, researched for inclusion in the model or calculated using the references provided in the user's guide for the Johnson and Ettinger Model (USEPA, 2004). Model defaults were used when site specific values were not available.

The building concentration (C<sub>building</sub>) reported on the INTERCALCs sheet of the J&E model was used as the indoor air concentration that the receptor is exposed to indoors.

An example J&E model run is attached as Attachment A-3.

### References

California Energy Commission. 2001. *Manual for Compliance with the 2001 Energy Efficiency Standards (for Nonresidential Buildings, High-Rise Residential Buildings, and Hotels/Motels)*. Document No. P400-01-032. August.

DTSC. 2005. *Guidance for the Evaluation and Mitigation of Subsurface Vapor Intrusion to Indoor Air.* February 7.

Groundwater Services Inc. 1999. RBCA Tool Kit for Chemical Releases, Version 1.2.

Karami, Ali A.; Walter J. Farmer, and Mark M. Cliath. 1987. *Vapor Phase Diffusion of Benzene in Soil*. Journal of Environmental Quality, Vol. 16, no. 1, 1987. pp. 38-43.

Millington, R.J. and J.P. Quirk. 1961. *Permeability of porous solids*. Trans. Faraday Soc. Vol. 57. pp. 1200-1207.

USEPA. 1994. Office of Emergency and Remedial Response. *Technical Background Document for Draft Soil Screening Level Guidance*. March.

USEPA. 1997. *Exposure Factors Handbook. Volume 1. General Factors*. Office of Research and Development. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa. August.

USEPA. 2002. Evaluating the Vapor Intrusion into Indoor Air. EPA530-F-02-052. November.

USEPA. 2002. Supplemental Guidance for Developing Soil Screening Levels for Superfund Sites. OSWER 9355.4-24. December.

USEPA. 2004. User's Guide for Evaluating Subsurface Vapor Intrusion into Buildings. February 22.

USEPA. 2004. USEPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals Tables. October.

Very truly yours,

Jim Lavelle, Ph.D.

Senior Risk Assessor and Toxicologist

Camp Dresser & McKee Inc.

cc: Ed Modiano, Project Coordinator Tom Perina, CH2M Hill Lori Parnass, DTSC Sharon Wallin, CDM Kassandra Tzou, CDM

### Attachments

- A-1 PCE data for Calculations of 95UCL for Omega Site Data 5 to 6 feet bgs and 5 to 30 ft bgs
- A-2 PCE Example of RBCA Tool Kit Spreadsheet Model
- A-3 PCE Example of Johnson and Ettinger Model Results for Soil Gas to Indoor Air

# Attachment A-3 PCE Example of Johnson and Ettinger Model Results for Soil Gas to Indoor Air for Hypothetical Residential Exposure

		Soil Gas				Unit			
		Concentration				risk		Reference	
				EPC	Minimum	factor,		conc.,	
		EPC	Minimum	Cbuilding	Cbuilding	URF	CSF	RfC	RfD
CAS#	Chemical	ug/m³	ug/m³	ug/m³	ug/m³	(µg/m³) <sup>-1</sup>	(mg/kg/day) <sup>-1</sup>	(mg/m³)	(mg/kg/day)
127184	TETRACHLOROETHENE	1,121,994	16,272	7.82E+02	1.13E+01	5.90E-06	2.07E-02	3.50E-02	1.00E-02

- (1) Assumed an average soil temperature of 19.4oC per Figure A-1 in DTSC Indoor Air Guidance (Feb. 2005)
- (2) Assumed the soil was loam.
- (3) Default exposure frequency and duration of 350 days per year and 30 years typical for a resident and exposure time of 24 hrs/day.
- (4) Default building size of 10 meters length, 10 meters width, and 8-foot (244 cm) ceiling height was used.
- (5) Building air exchange for resident home of 0.5 per hour.

### SG-ADV Version 3.1; 02/04

Reset to Defaults

	Sc	il Gas Concentrati		
ENTER	ENTER		ENTER	
	Soil		Soil	
Chemical	gas		gas	
CAS No.	conc.,	OR	conc.,	
(numbers only,	$C_{g}$		$C_g$	
no dashes)	(μg/m <sup>3</sup> )		(ppmv)	Chemical
127184	1.12E+06			Tetrachloroethylene

MORE **↓** 

ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER		ENTER
Depth			Totals mu	ust add up to value of L	s (cell F24)	Soil		
below grade	Soil gas			Thickness	Thickness	stratum A		User-defined
to bottom	sampling	Average	Thickness	of soil	of soil	SCS		stratum A
of enclosed	depth	soil	of soil	stratum B,	stratum C,	soil type		soil vapor
space floor,	below grade,	temperature,	stratum A,	(Enter value or 0)	(Enter value or 0)	(used to estimate	OR	permeability,
$L_F$	$L_s$	T <sub>S</sub>	h <sub>A</sub>	h <sub>B</sub>	h <sub>C</sub>	soil vapor		$k_v$
(cm)	(cm)	(°C)	(cm)	(cm)	(cm)	permeability)	=,	(cm <sup>2</sup> )
							=' -	
15	152.4	19.4	152.4			L		

MORE **↓** 

ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER
Stratum A	Stratum A	Stratum A	Stratum A	Stratum B	Stratum B	Stratum B	Stratum B	Stratum C	Stratum C	Stratum C	Stratum C
SCS	soil dry	soil total	soil water-filled	SCS	soil dry	soil total	soil water-filled	SCS	soil dry	soil total	soil water-filled
soil type	bulk density,	porosity,	porosity,	soil type	bulk density,	porosity,	porosity,	soil type	bulk density,	porosity,	porosity,
Lookup Soil	$\rho_b^A$	n <sup>A</sup>	$\theta_{w}^{\ A}$	Lookup Soil	$\rho_b^B$	n <sup>B</sup>	$\theta_w^B$	Lookup Soil	$\rho_b^{\ C}$	n <sup>C</sup>	$\theta_{w}^{C}$
Parameters	(g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	(unitless)	(cm <sup>3</sup> /cm <sup>3</sup> )	Parameters	(g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	(unitless)	(cm <sup>3</sup> /cm <sup>3</sup> )	Parameters	(g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	(unitless)	(cm <sup>3</sup> /cm <sup>3</sup> )
L	1.59	0.399	0.148	L	1.59	0.399	0.148	L	1.59	0.399	0.148

MORE **↓** 

ENTER Enclosed	ENTER	ENTER Enclosed	ENTER Enclosed	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	<b>ENTER</b> Average vapor
space	Soil-bldg.	space	space	Enclosed	Floor-wall	Indoor	flow rate into bldg.
floor	pressure	floor	floor	space	seam crack	air exchange	OR
thickness,	differential,	length,	width,	height,	width,	rate,	Leave blank to calculate
$L_{crack}$	ΔΡ	L <sub>B</sub>	W <sub>B</sub>	H <sub>B</sub>	W	ER	$Q_{soil}$
(cm)	(g/cm-s <sup>2</sup> )	(cm)	(cm)	(cm)	(cm)	(1/h)	(L/m)
15	40	1000	1000	244	0.1	0.5	5

ENTER Averaging	ENTER Averaging	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER
time for	time for	Exposure	Exposure	Exposure
carcinogens,	noncarcinogens,	duration,	frequency,	time
$AT_{C}$	AT <sub>NC</sub>	ED	EF	ET
(yrs)	(yrs)	(yrs)	(days/yr)	(hrs/day)
70	30	30	350	24

### CHEMICAL PROPERTIES SHEET

		Henry's law constant	Henry's law constant	Enthalpy of vaporization at	Normal			Unit	
Diffusivity in air,	Diffusivity in water,	at reference temperature,	reference temperature,	the normal boiling point,	boiling point,	Critical temperature,	Molecular weight,	risk factor,	Reference conc.,
$D_a$	$D_w$	Н	$T_R$	$\Delta H_{v,b}$	T <sub>B</sub>	T <sub>C</sub>	MW	URF	RfC
(cm <sup>2</sup> /s)	(cm <sup>2</sup> /s)	(atm-m <sup>3</sup> /mol)	(°C)	(cal/mol)	(°K)	(°K)	(g/mol)	(μg/m³) <sup>-1</sup>	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
7.20E-02	8.20E-06	1.84E-02	25	8,288	394.40	620.20	165.83	5.9E-06	3.5E-02

### INTERMEDIATE CALCULATIONS SHEET

Exposure duration, τ (sec)	Source- building separation, L <sub>T</sub> (cm)	Stratum A soil air-filled porosity, $\theta_a^A$ (cm³/cm³)	Stratum B soil air-filled porosity, $\theta_a^{\ B}$ (cm <sup>3</sup> /cm <sup>3</sup> )	Stratum C soil air-filled porosity, $\theta_a^{\ C}$ (cm <sup>3</sup> /cm <sup>3</sup> )	Stratum A effective total fluid saturation, S <sub>te</sub> (cm <sup>3</sup> /cm <sup>3</sup> )	Stratum A soil intrinsic permeability, k <sub>i</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Stratum A soil relative air permeability, k <sub>rg</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Stratum A soil effective vapor permeability, k <sub>v</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Floor- wall seam perimeter, X <sub>crack</sub> (cm)	Soil gas conc. (µg/m³)	Bldg. ventilation rate, Q <sub>building</sub> (cm <sup>3</sup> /s)
9.46E+08	137.4	0.251	0.251	0.251	0.257	1.88E-09	0.854	1.61E-09	4,000	1.12E+06	3.39E+04
Area of enclosed space below grade, A <sub>B</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Crack- to-total area ratio, η (unitless)	Crack depth below grade, Z <sub>crack</sub> (cm)	Enthalpy of vaporization at ave. soil temperature, $\Delta H_{v,TS}$ (cal/mol)	Henry's law constant at ave. soil temperature, H <sub>TS</sub> (atm-m <sup>3</sup> /mol)	Henry's law constant at ave. soil temperature, H' <sub>TS</sub> (unitless)	Vapor viscosity at ave. soil temperature, μ <sub>TS</sub> (g/cm-s)	Stratum A effective diffusion coefficient, D <sup>eff</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> /s)	Stratum B effective diffusion coefficient, D <sup>eff</sup> <sub>B</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> /s)	Stratum C effective diffusion coefficient, D <sup>eff</sup> c (cm <sup>2</sup> /s)	Total overall effective diffusion coefficient, Deff_ (cm²/s)	Diffusion path length, L <sub>d</sub> (cm)
1.00E+06	4.00E-04	15	9,458	1.35E-02	5.63E-01	1.78E-04	4.53E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.53E-03	137.4
Convection path length, Lp (cm)	Source vapor conc., C <sub>source</sub> (μg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Crack radius, r <sub>crack</sub> (cm)	Average vapor flow rate into bldg., Q <sub>soil</sub> (cm <sup>3</sup> /s)	Crack effective diffusion coefficient, D <sup>crack</sup> (cm²/s)	Area of crack, A <sub>crack</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Exponent of equivalent foundation Peclet number, exp(Pe¹) (unitless)	Infinite source indoor attenuation coefficient,	Infinite source bldg. conc., C <sub>building</sub> (µg/m³)	Unit risk factor, URF (µg/m³) <sup>-1</sup>	Reference conc., RfC (mg/m³)	_
15	1.12E+06	0.10	8.33E+01	4.53E-03	4.00E+02	2.79E+299	6.97E-04	7.82E+02	5.9E-06	3.5E-02	

### **RESULTS SHEET**

#### INCREMENTAL RISK CALCULATIONS:

Incremental	Hazard
risk from	quotient
vapor	from vapor
intrusion to	intrusion to
indoor air,	indoor air,
carcinogen	noncarcinogen
(unitless)	(unitless)
1.9E-03	2.1E+01

MESSAGE AND ERROR SUMMARY BELOW: (DO NOT USE RESULTS IF ERRORS ARE PRESENT)

Formulas were altered to incorporate exposure time

SCROLL DOWN TO "END"

# Attachment A-2 PCE Example of Johnson and Ettinger Model Results for Soil Gas to Indoor Air for Hypothetical Residential Exposure

		Soil	Gas			Unit			
		Concentration				risk		Reference	
				EPC	Minimum	factor,		conc.,	
		EPC	Minimum	Cbuilding	Cbuilding	URF	CSF	RfC	RfD
CAS#	Chemical	ug/m³	ug/m³	ug/m³	ug/m³	(μg/m³) <sup>-1</sup>	(mg/kg/day) <sup>-1</sup>	(mg/m³)	(mg/kg/day)
127184	TETRACHLOROETHENE	1,121,994	16,272	7.82E+02	1.13E+01	5.90E-06	2.07E-02	3.50E-02	1.00E-02

- (1) Assumed an average soil temperature of 19.4oC per Figure A-1 in DTSC Indoor Air Guidance (Feb. 2005)
- (2) Assumed the soil was loam.
- (3) Default exposure frequency and duration of 350 days per year and 30 years typical for a resident and exposure time of 24 hrs/day.
- (4) Default building size of 10 meters length, 10 meters width, and 8-foot (244 cm) ceiling height was used.
- (5) Building air exchange for resident home of 0.5 per hour.

### SG-ADV Version 3.1; 02/04

Reset to Defaults

	Sc	il Gas Concentrati	on Data	
ENTER	ENTER		ENTER	
	Soil		Soil	
Chemical	gas		gas	
CAS No.	conc.,	OR	conc.,	
(numbers only,	$C_{g}$		$C_g$	
no dashes)	(μg/m <sup>3</sup> )		(ppmv)	Chemical
127184	1.12E+06			Tetrachloroethylene

MORE **↓** 

ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER		ENTER
Depth			Totals mu	ust add up to value of L	s (cell F24)	Soil		
below grade	Soil gas			Thickness	Thickness	stratum A		User-defined
to bottom	sampling	Average	Thickness	of soil	of soil	SCS		stratum A
of enclosed	depth	soil	of soil	stratum B,	stratum C,	soil type		soil vapor
space floor,	below grade,	temperature,	stratum A,	(Enter value or 0)	(Enter value or 0)	(used to estimate	OR	permeability,
$L_F$	$L_s$	T <sub>S</sub>	h <sub>A</sub>	h <sub>B</sub>	h <sub>C</sub>	soil vapor		$k_v$
(cm)	(cm)	(°C)	(cm)	(cm)	(cm)	permeability)	=,	(cm <sup>2</sup> )
							=' -	
15	152.4	19.4	152.4			L		

MORE **↓** 

ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER
Stratum A	Stratum A	Stratum A	Stratum A	Stratum B	Stratum B	Stratum B	Stratum B	Stratum C	Stratum C	Stratum C	Stratum C
SCS	soil dry	soil total	soil water-filled	SCS	soil dry	soil total	soil water-filled	SCS	soil dry	soil total	soil water-filled
soil type	bulk density,	porosity,	porosity,	soil type	bulk density,	porosity,	porosity,	soil type	bulk density,	porosity,	porosity,
Lookup Soil	$\rho_b^A$	n <sup>A</sup>	$\theta_{w}^{\ A}$	Lookup Soil	$\rho_b^B$	n <sup>B</sup>	$\theta_w^B$	Lookup Soil	$\rho_b^{\ C}$	n <sup>C</sup>	$\theta_{w}^{C}$
Parameters	(g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	(unitless)	(cm <sup>3</sup> /cm <sup>3</sup> )	Parameters	(g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	(unitless)	(cm <sup>3</sup> /cm <sup>3</sup> )	Parameters	(g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	(unitless)	(cm <sup>3</sup> /cm <sup>3</sup> )
L	1.59	0.399	0.148	L	1.59	0.399	0.148	L	1.59	0.399	0.148

MORE **↓** 

ENTER Enclosed	ENTER	ENTER Enclosed	ENTER Enclosed	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER	<b>ENTER</b> Average vapor
space	Soil-bldg.	space	space	Enclosed	Floor-wall	Indoor	flow rate into bldg.
floor	pressure	floor	floor	space	seam crack	air exchange	OR
thickness,	differential,	length,	width,	height,	width,	rate,	Leave blank to calculate
$L_{crack}$	ΔΡ	L <sub>B</sub>	W <sub>B</sub>	H <sub>B</sub>	W	ER	$Q_{soil}$
(cm)	(g/cm-s <sup>2</sup> )	(cm)	(cm)	(cm)	(cm)	(1/h)	(L/m)
15	40	1000	1000	244	0.1	0.5	5

ENTER Averaging	ENTER Averaging	ENTER	ENTER	ENTER
time for	time for	Exposure	Exposure	Exposure
carcinogens,	noncarcinogens,	duration,	frequency,	time
$AT_{C}$	AT <sub>NC</sub>	ED	EF	ET
(yrs)	(yrs)	(yrs)	(days/yr)	(hrs/day)
70	30	30	350	24

### CHEMICAL PROPERTIES SHEET

		Henry's law constant	Henry's law constant	Enthalpy of vaporization at	Normal			Unit	
Diffusivity in air,	Diffusivity in water,	at reference temperature,	reference temperature,	the normal boiling point,	boiling point,	Critical temperature,	Molecular weight,	risk factor,	Reference conc.,
$D_a$	$D_w$	Н	$T_R$	$\Delta H_{v,b}$	T <sub>B</sub>	T <sub>C</sub>	MW	URF	RfC
(cm <sup>2</sup> /s)	(cm <sup>2</sup> /s)	(atm-m <sup>3</sup> /mol)	(°C)	(cal/mol)	(°K)	(°K)	(g/mol)	(μg/m³) <sup>-1</sup>	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
7.20E-02	8.20E-06	1.84E-02	25	8,288	394.40	620.20	165.83	5.9E-06	3.5E-02

### INTERMEDIATE CALCULATIONS SHEET

Exposure duration, τ (sec)	Source- building separation, L <sub>T</sub> (cm)	Stratum A soil air-filled porosity, $\theta_a^A$ (cm³/cm³)	Stratum B soil air-filled porosity, $\theta_a^{\ B}$ (cm <sup>3</sup> /cm <sup>3</sup> )	Stratum C soil air-filled porosity, $\theta_a^{\ C}$ (cm <sup>3</sup> /cm <sup>3</sup> )	Stratum A effective total fluid saturation, S <sub>te</sub> (cm <sup>3</sup> /cm <sup>3</sup> )	Stratum A soil intrinsic permeability, k <sub>i</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Stratum A soil relative air permeability, k <sub>rg</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Stratum A soil effective vapor permeability, k <sub>v</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Floor- wall seam perimeter, X <sub>crack</sub> (cm)	Soil gas conc. (µg/m³)	Bldg. ventilation rate, Q <sub>building</sub> (cm <sup>3</sup> /s)
9.46E+08	137.4	0.251	0.251	0.251	0.257	1.88E-09	0.854	1.61E-09	4,000	1.12E+06	3.39E+04
Area of enclosed space below grade, A <sub>B</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Crack- to-total area ratio, η (unitless)	Crack depth below grade, Z <sub>crack</sub> (cm)	Enthalpy of vaporization at ave. soil temperature, $\Delta H_{v,TS}$ (cal/mol)	Henry's law constant at ave. soil temperature, H <sub>TS</sub> (atm-m <sup>3</sup> /mol)	Henry's law constant at ave. soil temperature, H' <sub>TS</sub> (unitless)	Vapor viscosity at ave. soil temperature, μ <sub>TS</sub> (g/cm-s)	Stratum A effective diffusion coefficient, D <sup>eff</sup> (cm <sup>2</sup> /s)	Stratum B effective diffusion coefficient, D <sup>eff</sup> <sub>B</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> /s)	Stratum C effective diffusion coefficient, D <sup>eff</sup> c (cm <sup>2</sup> /s)	Total overall effective diffusion coefficient, Deff_ (cm²/s)	Diffusion path length, L <sub>d</sub> (cm)
1.00E+06	4.00E-04	15	9,458	1.35E-02	5.63E-01	1.78E-04	4.53E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.53E-03	137.4
Convection path length, Lp (cm)	Source vapor conc., C <sub>source</sub> (μg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Crack radius, r <sub>crack</sub> (cm)	Average vapor flow rate into bldg., Q <sub>soil</sub> (cm <sup>3</sup> /s)	Crack effective diffusion coefficient, D <sup>crack</sup> (cm²/s)	Area of crack, A <sub>crack</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Exponent of equivalent foundation Peclet number, exp(Pe¹) (unitless)	Infinite source indoor attenuation coefficient,	Infinite source bldg. conc., C <sub>building</sub> (µg/m³)	Unit risk factor, URF (µg/m³) <sup>-1</sup>	Reference conc., RfC (mg/m³)	_
15	1.12E+06	0.10	8.33E+01	4.53E-03	4.00E+02	2.79E+299	6.97E-04	7.82E+02	5.9E-06	3.5E-02	

### **RESULTS SHEET**

#### INCREMENTAL RISK CALCULATIONS:

Incremental	Hazard
risk from	quotient
vapor	from vapor
intrusion to	intrusion to
indoor air,	indoor air,
carcinogen	noncarcinogen
(unitless)	(unitless)
1.9E-03	2.1E+01

MESSAGE AND ERROR SUMMARY BELOW: (DO NOT USE RESULTS IF ERRORS ARE PRESENT)

Formulas were altered to incorporate exposure time

SCROLL DOWN TO "END"

## Attachment A-1 PCE data for Calculations of 95UCL for Omega Site Data 5 to 6 feet bgs and 5 to 30 ft bgs

Soil Gas 5-6 ft bgs for Site Parcel

SAMPLE_ID	TETRACHLOROETHENE	
	ug/m³	
OC-SG-006-VP19-121305	16272	
OC-SG-06-04-041204	284760	
OC-SG-06-05-041204	1559400	
OC-SG-06-06-041204	1457700	
OC-SG-06-07-041304	311880	
OC-SG-06-08-0413104	813600	
OC-SG-06-09-041304	678000	
OC-SG-06-10-041304	1288200	
OC-SG-06-11-041304	881400	
OC-SG-06-12-041204	1491600	

	TETRACHLOROETHENE
min	16,272
average	878,281
max	1,559,400
count	10
location of max	OC-SG-06-05-041204
95 UCL	1,121,994

Data	95 UCL ug/m3
Soil Gas 5-6 ft bgs for Site Parcel	1,121,994
Soil Gas 5-30 ft bgs for Site	733,374

Soil Gas 5-30 ft bgs for Site Parcel

SAMPLE_ID	TETRACHLOROETHENE
	ug/m³
OC-SG-06-04-041204	284760
OC-SG-12-04-041204	230520
OC-SG-06-05-041204	1559400
OC-SG-12-05-041204	244080
OC-SG-06-06-041204	1457700
OC1-LC6-G-0-9	1491600
OC-SG-12-06-041204	2305200
OC-SG-06-07-041304	311880
OC-SG-12-07-041304	325440
SG-7-18FT	149160
OC1-SG7B-G-0-26	58308
SG-7-24FT	62376
OC-SG-06-08-0413104	813600
OC-SG-12-08-041304	10848
OC1-SG8A-G-0-25	881400
SG-8-18FT	284760
SG-8-24FT	26442
OC-SG-06-09-041304	678000
OC1-LC9-G-0-10	67800
OC-SG-12-09-041304	183060
OC1-SG9A-G-0-27	332220
SG-9-18FT	237300
SG-9-24FT	488.16
OC-SG-06-10-041304	1288200
OC-SG-12-10-041304	244080
OC1-SG10A-G-0-22	796650
SG-10-18FT	298320
SG-10-24FT	210180
OC-SG-06-11-041304	881400
OC-SG-12-11-041304	813600
OC1-SG11A-G-0-24	623760
SG-11-18FT	176280
SG-11-24FT	549180
OC-SG-06-12-041204	1491600
OC-SG-12-12-041204	74580
OC-SG-006-VP19-121305	16272
OC-SG-012-VP19-121305	13560
OC-SG-018-VP19-121305	3254.4
OC-SG-024-VP19-121305	1898.4

	TETRACHLOROETHENE
min	488
average	499,466
max	2,305,200
count	39
location of max	OC-SG-12-06-041204
95 UCL	733,374

## Attachment A-1 ProUCL Output for Soil Gas 5 to 6 ft bgs for Site Parcel

Raw Statistics		Normal Distribution Test	
Number of Valid Samples	11	Shapiro-Wilk Test Statisitic	0.905074
Number of Unique Samples	11	Shapiro-Wilk 5% Critical Value	0.85
Minimum	0	Data are normal at 5% significance level	
Maximum	1559400		
Mean	798437.5	95% UCL (Assuming Normal Distribution	tion)
Median	813600	Student's-t UCL	1121994
Standard Deviation	592075.9		
Variance	3.51E+11		
Coefficient of Variation	0.741543		
Skewness	-0.036343		

Gamma Statistics Not Available

### Lognormal Statistics Not Available

	95% Non-parametric UCLs	
	CLT UCL	1092073
	Adj-CLT UCL (Adjusted for skewness)	1089983
	Mod-t UCL (Adjusted for skewness)	1121668
	Jackknife UCL	1121994
	Standard Bootstrap UCL	1080606
	Bootstrap-t UCL	1120754
RECOMMENDATION	Hall's Bootstrap UCL	1062753
Data are normal (0.05)	Percentile Bootstrap UCL	1073952
	BCA Bootstrap UCL	1073705
Use Student's-t UCL	95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	1576578
	97.5% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	1913279
1121994	99% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	2574665

## Attachment A-1 ProUCL Output for Soil Gas 5 to 30 ft bgs for Site Parcel

Data File Soil Gas 5-30 ft bgs for Site Parcel Variable: TETRACHLOROETHENE

Raw Statistics		Normal Distribution Test	
Number of Valid Samples	39	Shapiro-Wilk Test Statisitic	0.810852
Number of Unique Samples	34	Shapiro-Wilk 5% Critical Value	0.939
Minimum	488.16	Data not normal at 5% significance level	
Maximum	2305200	-	
Mean	499465.6	95% UCL (Assuming Normal Distribut	ion)
Median	284760	Student's-t UCL	650263.7
Standard Deviation	558576.5		
Variance	3.12E+11	Gamma Distribution Test	
Coefficient of Variation	1.118348	A-D Test Statistic	0.37275
Skewness	1.466778	A-D 5% Critical Value	0.802319
		K-S Test Statistic	0.096807
Gamma Statistics		K-S 5% Critical Value	0.148325
k hat	0.610087	Data follow gamma distribution	
k star (bias corrected)	0.580251	at 5% significance level	
Theta hat	818679		
Theta star	860774.4	95% UCLs (Assuming Gamma Distribution	n)
nu hat	47.5868	Approximate Gamma UCL	733373.9
nu star	45.25961	Adjusted Gamma UCL	744746.5
Approx.Chi Square Value (.05)	30.82413	.,	
Adjusted Level of Significance	0.0437	Lognormal Distribution Test	
Adjusted Chi Square Value	30.35343	Shapiro-Wilk Test Statisitic	0.885169
.,		Shapiro-Wilk 5% Critical Value	0.939
Log-transformed Statistics		Data not lognormal at 5% significance leve	
Minimum of log data	6.190643	g	
Maximum of log data	14.65068	95% UCLs (Assuming Lognormal Distrib	oution)
Mean of log data	12.11101	95% H-UCL	4010814
Standard Deviation of log data	1.964865	95% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL	3218266
Variance of log data	3.860693	97.5% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL	4134023
		99% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL	5932851
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
		95% Non-parametric UCLs	
		CLT UCL .	646587.6
		Adj-CLT UCL (Adjusted for skewness)	669034.8
		Mod-t UCL (Adjusted for skewness)	653765.1
		Jackknife UCL	650263.7
		Standard Bootstrap UCL	647370.5
		Bootstrap-t UCL	681394.3
RECOMMENDATION		Hall's Bootstrap UCL	685808.2
Data follow gamma distribution	า (0.05)	Percentile Bootstrap UCL	649609.5
-	•	BCA Bootstrap UCL	671595.5
Use Approximate Gamma UCL	_	95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	889342.1
		97.5% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	1058042
733373.9		99% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	1389420